

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!! FIRE!!!!

The City of Anoka, in Minnesota, was visited by a fire on the night of Saturday last, which cleaned out its entire business district, walking through brick blocks and frame buildings, like a galloping horse, leaving remains from its 36 buildings buried, and merchandise therein—not remains or salvage sufficient to fill a lumber wagon. The loss was over \$600,000, and the insurance not half that amount, and nearly one-half of the insurance was held by one man upon his flour mill and other property, leaving the balance of the business of the town not one-fifth insured. Anoka had a steam engine and a large supply of water from the Rum river, passing through the town; yet the loss of \$300,000 comes upon that business community in three hours, and years will elapse before Anoka will be where it was at sundown last Saturday night, as to buildings, and many of its business men are hopelessly ruined.

Anoka is a town of six thousand people, about the size of Albuquerque. It was on Saturday night last, before the fire occurred, a better built town than Albuquerque is, a larger number of brick blocks considered fire proof, had a steam fire engine, a fully equipped company to manage it, plenty of water, and was considered so exempt from a disaster as has occurred that the insurance outside of one man's property was not one-fifth covered.

Albuquerque compared with Anoka, is ten times more in danger, ten times more liable to be wholly burned out; the large number of frame buildings in Albuquerque is just the material required with a fire once started, to sweep from the A. T. & S. F. passenger depot to Fourth street and from Lead avenue to the Tijeras road, leaving not enough debris to fill a cart. We have no fire department, nothing to fight a fire with, once started, and no water, and all that business men could do would be to keep out of the way of a fire and watch the burning of their buildings and their stocks. Because our city has been fortunate as to be exempt from fires, business men are permitting themselves to believe there is no danger, and so believing, do not avail themselves of insurance as they should; totally without fire department or means to defend against a fire as we are, every business man should insure fully up to three-fourths of the value of buildings and merchandise. A fire sweeping through Albuquerque as it did through Anoka on Saturday night last, will leave many a man stranded upon the shore high and dry, and nothing to show but ashes and smoke. Insurance up to three-fourths of the value will enable many a man to pay his debts and have something left to begin again. Ashes and smoke do not pay debts; insurance in reliable companies does. How much more independent a business man will be with insurance in case of such a fire, to go to his creditors and ask for favors, than one without. In the one case, he tells his creditors, I will pay from my insurance; in the other he must ask extension indefinitely, and for additional credit if he can get it before he can begin business again.

MORAL: The moral to all this is to insure up to three-fourths value; insure in substantial, reliable companies, insure with an agent who in case of loss, knows how to adjust your loss; insure in one or more of the following companies:

THE OLDEST, THE LARGEST AND THE BEST IN ALL THE WORLD.

Mutual Life Insurance Co., New York.
Travelers' Life and Accident Insurance Co.,
Liverpool and London and Globe,
St. Paul Fire and Marine,
Commercial Union, of London,
German American Insurance Co., New York.
New Orleans Insurance Association,
Western Assurance Co., Toronto,
Connecticut Fire, Hartford,
Fire Association, of London,
Norwich Union Assurance Co., of London,
Phoenix Assurance Co., of London,
Home Insurance Co., of New York,
Pennsylvania Fire, of Philadelphia,
American Central, of St. Louis,
Insurance Co. of North America, Philadelphia,
Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.,
Springfield Fire and Marine Insurance Co.

ALL GOOD AS GOLD.

CAPITAL REPRESENTED, \$250,000,000.
CHAS ETHERIDGE, - - Central Bank Block.

STOVER, CRARY & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers

FLOUR, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

AGENTS FOR

Schuttler Wagons, Stover Windmills, Columbus Buggies
DIAMOND CREAMERY BUTTER.

Anheuser-Busch

Largest Brewery in the World.

SALES LAST YEAR

335,000 BARRELS

BOTTLING CAPACITY

20,000,000 Bottles Annually



AGENTS:

CHARLES ZEIGER
Albuquerque, N. M.

LOUIS HUNING
Los Lunas, N. M.

Brown, Manzaneros & Co.
Socorro, N. M.

N. REYMOND & CO
Las Cruces, N. M.

BREWING COMPANY.

Rubber & Garden Hose

RUBBER PACKING,
Rubber & Leather Belting

Pumps and Pump Repairs.

IRON PIPE.

Windmills and Tanks.

S. E. ROSE

Successor Dunbar & Co.

Plumbers.

Steam and Gas Fitters.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

THE ST. JULIEN

POPULAR RESORT!

For Strath or Mixed Drinks, Lemonades,
Cognac, Beer, Cigars, Etc., Etc. The
proprietor is the late "Mistake" in the
territory. Try him over.
GEORGE NEHE, Proprietor.

ARIZONA CENTRAL HOTEL
WINSLOW, A. T.

First class house. Table supplied with the
best market offers. Headquarters for
drummers. Good stable in connection with the
house, where teams and vehicles may be had at
all times. Fine scenery and good fishing in the
neighborhood.
P. O. DEMOREST, Proprietor.

PACIFIC SALOON
—AND—
Lodging House.

ST. LOUIS BEER & CENTS A SCHOONER
Good beds 75 cts. per night. Front St., North
of Railroad Avenue.
C. C. NORTHRUP, Proprietor.

Fever and ague, malarious fever, bilious
and typhoid fevers all originate in
one producing cause and may all be
easily prevented by Parsons' Purgative
pills. These pills act directly and power-
fully upon the blood.

To Dyspeptics.

The most common signs of Dyspepsia, or
Indigestion, are an oppression at the
stomach, nausea, flatulency, water-brash,
heart-burn, vomiting, loss of appetite, and
constipation. Dyspeptic patients suffer un-
told misery, bodily and mental. They
should stimulate the digestion, and secure
regular daily action of the bowels, by the
use of moderate doses of

Ayer's Pills.

After the bowels are regulated, one of these
Pills, taken each day after dinner, is usually
all that is required to complete the cure.
AYER'S PILLS are sugar-coated and purely
vegetable—a pleasant, entirely safe, and
reliable medicine for the cure of all disorders
of the stomach and bowels. They are
the best of all purgatives for family use.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

A CHANGED PROGRAMME.

Orton's Anglo-American Circus Suf-
fers a Serious Fate.

A NUMBER OF PERSONS BURNED.

The Case of Conspiracy Against Gov.
Ireland, of Texas, and Others.
Dismissed—Foreign News.

A Circus Train on Fire.

DENVER, Colo., Aug. 29.—The News-
Greeley special says: The burning of the
circus car nine miles north of Greeley was
attended with indescribable horrors. The
burned car was next to the engine in the
train of seventeen cars containing Orton's
Anglo-American circus, which left Fort
Collins about midnight for Golden, over
the Greeley, Salt Lake & Pacific railroad.
The train was nearing Windsor, a small
station near Greeley, running about 26
miles per hour, when Engineer Collette
discovered the car on fire. He reversed
the engine and threw open the whistle
valve. There were sixty men in the car,
arranged in three tiers of berths on either
side. The forward side door was closed
and the men in the bunks sleeping
against it. The rear side door was also
closed, and the men who
awoke discovered the lower unoccupied
berths next to it containing rubbish to be
on fire, filling the car with smoke and
cutting off escape in that direction. The
men of the circus were through the
small window between the car and engine.
John Pine, Edgerton, Wis., and Elmer
Millet, Iowa, crawled through the open-
ing and tried to pass in water from an
engine tank. Owing to the gases it was
difficult to arouse the sleepers, and some
were kicked and bruised in a shocking
manner as they passed out of the window.
The screams of those unable to get
through the blockade were terrifying. The
wild glare of the flames of light and
the screams of the burned victims who
were writhing in agony on the cactus
beds caused the wild, beasts
in the adjoining car to become
frenzied with terror making the
scene appalling. The performers
who occupied the rear car gazed with
horror upon the awful spectacle. In the
midst of the confusion two or three
heroic souls were equal to the occasion and
bravely cut their way to their companions
to find them already in the agony of
death. Albert Lake, in charge of the
animals, and his friend Kent, waded over
the cactus in bare feet pouring buckets of
oil on the blisters, and wrapping them
in blankets. An old Pacific
coast sailor, named McDonald, formerly
of Forepaugh's show, was terribly
burned, the flesh hanging in shreds. The
heartrending cries of the men on the
prairie, smothered the appeals of the
dying within the car. The roar of the flames
and howling of the animals made a scene
terrible beyond description. The odor of
roasting flesh and distant cry of the
animals, and the distant cry of the
cactus added to the general horror of the
scene. The voices of the dying grew
fainter and soon ceased. Men have gone
to Greeley for assistance and are returning
with Dr. Jesse Laws, president of the
state medical association. Many of the
rescued men being pulled through the
small window had limbs broken and
joints distorted. The hands and feet of
some were found burned off. The roasted
trunks of bodies were found in one place
and the legs in another. Piles of roasted
and shivered carcasses were pulled out
of the ruins. At daylight a flat car
carried the charred bodies into Greeley for
interment. The county commissioners
buried the remains in a high coffin
seven feet wide and about ten
feet long. At the Greeley cemetery Rev.
Reed, of the Presbyterian church, con-
ducted the funeral services. The coroner
empaneled a jury, who were unable to
learn the cause of the fire or any other
facts, as the managers who had the re-
mainder of the company left Greeley for
Golden to fill an afternoon's engagement.
It is impossible to obtain a list of the dead,
as many were engaged but a day or two.
The names of the dead, so far as learned,
are as follows: Alex. McDonald, married,
Wis., Thos. McCarthy, Independence, Ia.,
John Kelly, New York city, and others
known as "Silverhorn," "Andy," "Frank,"
"Frenchy," "George," "Smithie," and one
unknown.

DENVER, Aug. 29.—The following is a
list of the sufferers of the circus car fire
now at St. Luke's hospital, in this city:
E. E. Fairbanks, age 22, arms, legs and
face badly burned; Albert Berden, age 17,
arms and face badly burned; Thomas
Golden, age 17, Detroit, Mich., very badly
burned on the back and legs; N. J.
Zimmerman, age 19, St. Louis, arms, legs,
back and face fearfully burned; F. Sank-
ling, age 22, Menomonee, Mich., badly
burned about the hands and feet;
Michael McGlynn, age 23, Holly, Mich.,
face and hands badly burned; Hugh
O'Donnell, age 50, New Orleans, La.,
badly burned about the face, arms, hands
and back. He will probably die. A
number of the rescued agreed that in the
car were two barrels of gasoline, which
were exploded either by sparks from the
engine, or from naked torch with which
the men were accustomed to light them-
selves to bed.

Perfectly Right.

GALVESTON, Aug. 28.—The examination
before Commissioner Spain began to-
day in the conspiracy case of Emil
Francis against Governor John Ireland,
Penitentiary Superintendent Gore and
five penitentiary guards. The testimony
in the case had proceeded so far as to
show that Francis has been convicted
and confined in the penitentiary for
something over four years, when the pro-
ceedings were cut short by the appear-
ance of United States District Attorney
Stratton, who dismissed the entire pro-
ceedings, and the prisoners were at once
released. Stratton had communicated
in reference to the proceedings and re-
ceived instructions from the acting at-
torney general, stating that section 5310
of the revised statutes, did not apply to
the case he submitted to the department
of justice. Upon this ground the case
was dismissed.

The Hurricane's Track.

EVANSVILLE, Aug. 29.—The loss of the
transfer steamer Belmont, and the drown-
ing of ten or fifteen persons is confirmed.
A hurricane this afternoon capsized the
boat at Stanley's, three miles above Hen-
derson, turning her completely over. She

THE WHEAT CROP.

The Yield is Fully 25,000,000 Bush-
els More Than Ever Produced.

ANOTHER KANSAS STATE TICKET.

The Hundredth Anniversary of the
Death of Padre Serra
A Robber Recs a Tragic
Death in Tennessee.

A Good Showing.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 29.—S. W. Talmage
presents the following figures as the final
estimate of the wheat crop of the United
States for 1884. The figures are based on
the official reports made within the
past few days by the state agricultural
departments and statistical agents of the
different states and territories. The re-
ports show the total production of win-
ter wheat to be 35,000,000 bushels, and
the total spring wheat 15,000,000 bushels.
The total yield of the country is there-
fore 50,000,000 bushels more than ever
before produced; 1,300,000 bushels more than
last year and 80,000,000 more than the
average crop for the past five years. The
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